UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 4, 2020

Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Republic of the Marshall Islan	ds
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001-33831

98-0453513

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Commission File Number)

(IRS employer identification no.)

Name of each exchange on which registered

300 First Stamford Place, 5th Floor Stamford, CT 06902

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): (203) 276-8100 (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report): None

Trading Symbol(s)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

 $[_]$

Title of each class

	Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	EGLE	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
	the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simins (see General Instruction A.2. below):	ultaneously satisfy the filing obliq	gation of the registrant under any of the following
[_]	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities	es Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange	Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[_]	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
	tte by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) le 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or d financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

ITEM 2.02. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

On March 4, 2020, Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release regarding its financial results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2019. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto.

The information in this Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including the exhibit, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of such section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. By filing this Current Report on Form 8-K and furnishing this information, the Company makes no statement or admission as to the materiality of any information in this Item 2.02 or the exhibit attached hereto.

Additionally, Exhibit 99.1 contains various non-GAAP financial measures as defined by Regulation G. Reconciliations of each non-GAAP financial measure to its comparable GAAP financial measure can be found in the press release.

ITEM 9.01. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number Description 99.1

Press release, issued by Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc., dated March 4, 2020.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EAGLE BULK SHIPPING INC.

(registrant)

Dated: March 4, 2020 By: /s/ Frank De Costanzo

Name: Frank De Costanzo
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. Reports Fourth Quarter 2019 Results

STAMFORD, CT, March 4, 2020 -- Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. (NASDAQ: EGLE) ("Eagle Bulk" or the "Company"), one of the world's largest owner-operators within the Supramax/Ultramax segment, today reported financial results for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019.

Highlights for the Quarter:

- Generated net revenues of \$71.5 million for the quarter
 - TCE revenues (1) for the quarter equated to \$41.9 million.
 - Achieved a TCE ⁽¹⁾ of \$11,292 for the quarter.
- Realized a net loss for the quarter of \$11.2 million or \$0.16 per basic and diluted share
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ of \$9.8 million for the quarter
- Took delivery of three Ultramax drybulk vessel acquisitions
- Upsized term loan by \$34.3 million in order to fund vessel acquisitions and capital expenditures relating to the installation of scrubbers Looking ahead into the first quarter of 2020, the Company has attained a TCE of \$10,300 with approximately 85% of the available days fixed for the period thus far.

Gary Vogel, Eagle Bulk's CEO, commented, "With the onset of IMO2020, the fourth quarter proved to be a dynamic period for the shipping markets and one of major transition for Eagle. While our financial results in Q4 were impacted by increased offhire days due to our scrubber installations, I'm pleased to report that our program is now substantially complete with 38 ships commissioned.

From the outset, we were targeting to complete the scrubber retrofit project by IMO2020 implementation in order to maximize the benefit from our investment. We now own and operate the largest scrubber-fitted Supramax/Ultramax fleet in the world, and believe we have a competitive advantage with just 7% of the vessels in this segment being fitted. Two months into the new year, notwithstanding a challenging environment, we have thus far achieved a strong market outperformance, with our scrubber vessels contributing significantly."

Fleet Operating Data

1 0							
	Three Mon	ths Ended	For the Yea	rs Ended			
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Ownership Days	4,460	4,303	16,945	17,213			
Chartered-in Days	646	850	3,583	3,294			
Available Days	4,358	5,077	19,214	20,083			
Operating Days	4,316	5,041	19,058	19,921			
Fleet Utilization	99.0 %	99.3 %	99.2 %	99.2 %			

Fleet Development

Vessels delivered into the fleet

- Hong Kong Eagle, an Ultramax (64k DWT / 2016-built) for \$20.0 million
- Santos Eagle, an Ultramax (64K DWT / 2015-built) for \$21.1 million
- Shanghai Eagle, an Ultramax (64K DWT / 2016-built) for \$20.1 million

Results of Operations for the three months and years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

For the three months ended December 31, 2019, the Company reported a net loss of \$11.2 million, or \$0.16 per basic and diluted share, compared to net income of \$6.5 million, or \$0.09 per basic and diluted share, in the same period for the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company reported a net loss of \$21.7 million, or \$0.30 per basic and diluted share, compared to net income of \$12.6 million, or \$0.18 per basic and diluted share, for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Revenues, net

Revenues, net for the three months ended December 31, 2019 were \$71.5 million compared with \$86.7 million in the comparable quarter in 2018. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to a decrease in charter hire rates as well as available days due to off-hire days for scrubber installations.

Revenues, net for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$292.4 million compared to \$310.1 million for the prior year. Revenues, net decreased by 6% compared to the prior year ended December 31, 2018 primarily due to a decrease in charter hire rates and a decrease in available days due to offhire related to scrubber installations. The decrease in available days was also due to the sale of four Supramax vessels during 2019, offset by the purchase of seven Ultramax vessels in 2019. The chartered-in days for the year ended December 31, 2019 were 3,583 compared to 3,294 in the prior year.

Voyage expenses

Voyage expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2019 were \$21.4 million compared to \$24.7 million in the comparable quarter in 2018. The decrease was mainly attributable to a lower number of available days due to scrubber installations and decreased bunker prices year over year.

Voyage expenses for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$87.7 million and \$79.6 million, respectively. Voyage expenses have primarily increased due to an increase in bunker consumption due to an increase in voyage charter days offset by a decrease in bunker prices in the current year compared to the prior year.

Vessel expenses

Vessel expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2019 were \$22.3 million compared to \$20.1 million in the comparable quarter in 2018. The increase in vessel expenses is mainly attributable to higher owned days, higher crew wages as well as start up costs related to the acquisition of six Ultramax vessels during the third and fourth quarters of 2019. The ownership days for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were 4,460 and 4,303, respectively.

Average daily vessel operating expenses for our fleet for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were \$5,008 and \$4,674, respectively.

Vessel expenses for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$82.3 million and \$81.3 million, respectively. The increase in vessel expenses is attributable to an increase in average daily vessel expenses due to increases in crew wages and vessel start-up expenses for the seven Ultramax vessels purchased in 2019, offset by a decrease in ownership days. The ownership days for the year ended December 31, 2019 were 16,945 compared to 17,213 for the prior year ended December 31, 2018.

Average daily vessel operating expenses for our fleet for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$4,859 compared to \$4,725 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Charter hire expenses

Charter hire expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2019 were \$8.2 million compared to \$10.2 million in the comparable quarter in 2018. The decrease in charter hire expense was due to a decrease in the number of chartered in days partially offset by higher charter hire rates. The total chartered in days for the three months ended December 31, 2019 were 646 compared to 850 for the comparable quarter in the prior year.

Charter hire expenses for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$42.2 million and \$38.0 million, respectively. The increase in charter hire expenses in 2019 compared with 2018 was mainly due to an increase in charter hire operating days and a marginal increase in charter hire rates. The chartered-in operating days for 2018 were 3,583 compared to 3,294 in 2018. The Company currently charters in three vessels on a long-term basis.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$11.3 million and \$9.7 million, respectively. Total depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended December 31, 2019 includes \$9.5 million of vessel and other fixed asset depreciation and \$1.8 million relating to the amortization of deferred drydocking costs. Comparable amounts for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$8.2 million of vessel and other fixed asset depreciation and \$1.5 million of amortization of deferred drydocking costs. The increase in depreciation expense is attributable to the increase in cost base due to the purchase of seven Ultramax vessels during 2019 partially offset by the sale of four vessels.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$40.5 million and \$37.7 million, respectively. Total depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 includes \$34.3 million of vessel and other fixed assets depreciation and \$6.2 million relating to the amortization of deferred drydocking costs. Comparable amounts for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$32.4 million of vessel and other fixed assets depreciation and \$5.4 million of amortization of deferred drydocking costs. The increase in depreciation expense is primarily due to an increase in the cost base of our owned fleet due to the acquisition of a total of nine vessels in 2018 and 2019 offset by the sale of two vessels in 2018 and four vessels in 2019.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$10.1 million and \$8.5 million, respectively. General and administrative expenses include stock-based compensation of \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million for 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in general and administrative expenses was mainly attributable to higher payroll expenses due to an increase in headcount and certain non recurring legal charges.

General and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$35.0 million and \$36.2 million, respectively. General and administrative expenses include stock-based compensation of \$4.8 million and \$9.2 million for 2019 and 2018, respectively. The decrease in general and administrative expenses in 2019 was primarily due to a decrease in stock-based compensation expense. The general and administrative expenses excluding stock-based compensation expenses are higher compared to the prior year primarily because of higher payroll expenses and certain non recurring legal charges.

Other operating expense

Other operating expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$1.1 million. The expense relates to the settlement of our legal case with Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC").

Interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$9.0 million and \$6.5 million, respectively.

Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$30.6 million and \$25.7 million, respectively.

The increase in cash interest expense for both the quarter and the year is primarily due to an increase in our outstanding debt due to the acquisition of seven Ultramax vessels during 2019. The amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discount increased compared to prior year primarily due to the issuance of convertible bonds during the third quarter of 2019.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table presents the cash flow information for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	For the Years Ended					
	December 31, 2019			December 31, 2018		
Net cash provided by operating activities (1)	\$	21,686	\$	45,470		
Net cash used in investing activities (2)		(168,619)		(31,014)		
Net cash provided by financing activities (3)		127,900		7,381		
Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(19,033)		21,838		
Cash and cash equivalents including restricted cash, beginning of year		78,164		56,326		
Cash and cash equivalents including restricted cash, end of year	\$	59,130	\$	78,164		

- (1) The decrease in cash flows provided by operations resulted from a decrease in charter rates achieved by the Company in the current year as well as lower available days year over year as a result of scrubber installations and higher drydocking expenditures in the current year.
- (2) During 2019, the Company purchased seven Ultramax vessels for \$143.5 million offset by the proceeds from the sale of four vessels for \$29.6 million and \$3.8 million of insurance proceeds received on hull and machinery claims. Additionally, the Company paid \$58.2 million for the purchase and installation of scrubbers and ballast water treatment systems on our fleet.
- (3) On January 25, 2019, the Company completed a debt refinancing transaction and received net proceeds of \$153.4 million by entering into new term and revolver loan facilities under the New Ultraco Debt Facility and repaying all outstanding debt under the Original Ultraco Debt Facility and New First Lien Facility of \$82.6 million and \$65.0 million, respectively. The Company paid \$3.5 million as debt issuance costs to the lenders under the New Ultraco Debt Facility. The Company repaid \$8.0 million of the Norwegian Bond Debt and \$15.1 million under the New Ultraco Debt Facility. On July 29, 2019, the Company received \$112.5 million in net proceeds from the Convertible Bond Debt, net of debt discount. On October 1, 2019, the Company entered into the First Amendment to the New Ultraco Debt Facility and received \$34.3 million in proceeds. The Company utilized the proceeds from the Convertible Bond Debt and the New Ultraco Debt Facility for partial financing of six Ultramax vessels delivered in the third and fourth quarters of 2019. The Company incurred \$1.7 million of other financing costs relating to the issuance of the Convertible Bond Debt and the New Ultraco Debt Facility. Additionally, the Company paid \$1.4 million towards shares withheld for taxes due to the vesting of restricted shares.

Capital Expenditures and Drydocking

Our capital expenditures relate to the purchase of vessels and capital improvements to our vessels, which are expected to enhance the revenue earning capabilities and safety of these vessels.

In addition to acquisitions that we may undertake in future periods, the Company's other major capital expenditures include funding the Company's program of regularly scheduled drydocking and vessel improvements necessary to comply with international shipping standards and environmental laws and regulations. Although the Company has some flexibility regarding the timing of its drydocking, the costs are relatively predictable. Management anticipates that vessels are to be drydocked every two and a half years for vessels older than 15 years and five years for vessels younger than 15 years. Funding of these requirements is anticipated to be met with cash from operations. We anticipate that the process of recertification will require us to reposition these vessels from a discharge port to shipyard facilities, which will reduce our available days and operating days during that period.

Drydocking costs incurred are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the period through the date of the next scheduled drydocking for those vessels. Vessel improvements are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of the vessel. In 2019, 11 of our vessels were drydocked, three vessels were undergoing drydock as of December 31, 2019 and we incurred \$11.9 million in drydock related costs. In 2018, 11 of our vessels were drydocked and we incurred \$8.3 million in drydocking related costs.

The following table represents certain information about the estimated costs for anticipated vessel drydockings, ballast water treatment systems ("BWTS"), and scrubber installations in the next four quarters, along with the anticipated off-hire days:

Projected	Costs(2)	(in millions)
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Quarter Ending	Off-hire Days ⁽¹⁾	BWTS Scrubbers			Drydocks
March 31, 2020	231	\$ 1.4	\$	16.2	\$ 3.2
June 30, 2020	66	1.8		7.6	2.4
September 30, 2020	165	2.9		_	4.4
December 31, 2020	45	2.5		_	1.6

⁽¹⁾ Actual duration of off-hire days will vary based on the age and condition of the vessel, yard schedules and other factors.

⁽²⁾ Actual costs will vary based on various factors, including where the drydockings are actually performed.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The following table summarizes the Company's selected consolidated financial and other data for the periods indicated below.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in U.S. dollars except share and per share data)

		For the Three Months Ended			For the Years Ended				
	Dec	ember 31, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018	Dec	cember 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018	
Revenues, net	\$	71,486,350	\$	86,692,209	\$	292,377,638	\$	310,094,258	
Voyage expenses		21,441,817		24,720,609		87,701,407		79,566,452	
Vessel expenses		22,336,329		20,111,526		82,342,123		81,336,260	
Charter hire expenses		8,151,640		10,209,535		42,168,642		38,045,778	
Depreciation and amortization		11,321,536		9,708,395		40,545,904		37,717,462	
General and administrative expenses		10,140,435		8,464,401		35,041,996		36,156,660	
Other operating expense		1,125,000		_		1,125,000		_	
Gain on sale of vessels		65,913		5,608		(5,978,566)		(335,160)	
Total operating expenses, net		74,582,670	,	73,220,074		282,946,506		272,487,452	
Operating (loss)/income		(3,096,320)		13,472,135		9,431,132		37,606,806	
							_		
Interest expense		8,965,038		6,520,625		30,577,489		25,743,531	
Interest income		(399,624)		(247,920)		(1,867,326)		(585,168)	
Other expense/(income)		(490,281)		713,080		149,632		(126,241)	
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		_		2,268,452		_	
Total other expense, net		8,075,133	,	6,985,785		31,128,247		25,032,122	
Net (loss)/income	\$	(11,171,453)	\$	6,486,350	\$	(21,697,115)	\$	12,574,684	
			:						
Weighted average shares outstanding:									
Basic		71,478,865		71,034,069		71,365,618		70,665,212	
Diluted		71,478,865		72,067,130		71,365,618		71,802,173	
Per share amounts:									
Basic net (loss)/income	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.09	\$	(0.30)	\$	0.18	
Diluted net (loss)/income	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.09	\$	(0.30)	\$	0.18	

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in U.S. dollars except share and per share data)

(in U.S. dollars except share and per share data)				
	D	ecember 31, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2018
ASSETS:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,583,898	\$	67,209,753
Restricted cash - current		5,471,470		_
Accounts receivable, net of a reserve of \$2,472,345 and \$2,073,616, respectively		19,982,871		19,785,582
Prepaid expenses		4,631,416		4,635,879
Inventories		15,824,278		16,137,785
Vessels held for sale		_		8,458,444
Other current assets		1,039,430		2,246,740
Total current assets		100,533,363		118,474,183
Noncurrent assets:				
Vessels and vessel improvements, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$153,029,544 and \$124,907,998, respectively		835,959,084		682,944,936
Advances for vessel purchase		_		2,040,000
Operating lease right-of-use assets		20,410,037		_
Other fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$832,541 and \$547,452, respectively		740,654		692,803
Restricted cash - noncurrent		74,917		10,953,885
Deferred financing costs - Super Senior Facility		166,111		285,342
Deferred drydock costs, net		17,495,270		12,186,356
Advances for scrubbers and ballast water systems and other assets		26,707,700		18,631,655
Total noncurrent assets		901,553,773		727,734,977
Total assets	\$	1,002,087,136	\$	846,209,160
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	13,483,397	\$	14,161,169
Accrued interest		5,321,089		1,735,631
Other accrued liabilities		28,996,836		10,064,017
Fair value of derivatives		756,229		929,313
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		13,255,978		_
Unearned charter hire revenue		4,692,259		6,926,839
Current portion of long-term debt		35,709,394		29,176,230
Total current liabilities		102,215,182		62,993,199
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Norwegian Bond Debt, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs		175,867,310		182,469,155
New First Lien Facility, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs		_		48,189,307
New Ultraco Debt Facility, net of debt issuance costs		141,396,770		_
Original Ultraco Debt Facility, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs		_		70,924,885
Convertible Bond Debt, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs		92,803,144		_
Operating lease liabilities		8,301,793		_
Other liabilities		_		208,651
Fair value below contract value of time charters acquired				1,818,114
Total noncurrent liabilities		418,369,017		303,610,112
Total liabilities		520,584,199		366,603,311
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, none issued as of December 31, 2019 and 2018		_		_
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 700,000,000 shares authorized, 71,502,206 and 71,055,400 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively		715,022		710,555
Additional paid-in capital		917,862,269		894,272,533
Accumulated deficit		(437,074,354)		(415,377,239)
Total stockholders' equity		481,502,937		479,605,849
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,002,087,136		846,209,160

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the V	For the Years Ended			
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Cash flows from operating activities:		December 51, 2010			
Net (loss)/income	\$ (21,697,115)	\$ 12,574,684			
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income to net cash provided by operating activities:	(21,007,110)	12,071,001			
Depreciation Depreciation	34,318,053	32,364,359			
Amortization of deferred drydocking costs	6,227,851	5,353,102			
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use asset	12,764,596	_			
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs	3,783,939	1,913,651			
Loss on debt extinguishment	2,268,452	, , , <u> </u>			
Amortization of fair value below contract value of time charter acquired		(681,898)			
Gain on sale of vessels	(5,978,566)	(335,160)			
Net unrealized loss/(gain) on fair value of derivatives	(75,537)	315,748			
Stock-based compensation expense	4,826,324	9,207,480			
Drydocking expenditures	(11,903,474)	(8,323,191)			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	()/	(-), - ,			
Accounts payable	3,199,113	993,557			
Accounts receivable	(6,902)	(3,465,025)			
Accrued interest	3,585,458	(54,684)			
Inventories	313,507	(2,024,706)			
Operating lease liabilities short and long-term	(13,475,534)	_			
Other current and non-current assets	1,503,904	(207,234)			
Other accrued liabilities and other non-current liabilities	4,261,774	(1,125,638)			
Prepaid expenses	4,463	(1,625,113)			
Unearned revenue	(2,234,580)	590,531			
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,685,726	45,470,463			
The second of th		,,			
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of vessels and vessel improvements	(143,477,720)	(41,404,328)			
Advance for vessel purchase	_	(2,040,000)			
Purchase of scrubbers and ballast water treatment systems	(58,196,164)	(12,342,317)			
Proceeds from hull and machinery insurance claims	3,845,967	_			
Proceeds from redemption of short-term investment	_	4,500,000			
Proceeds from sale of vessels	29,560,746	20,545,202			
Purchase of other fixed assets	(351,434)	(272,067)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(168,618,605)	(31,013,510)			
	(100,010,000)	(51,015,510)			
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from the revolver loan under New First Lien Facility	5,000,000	_			
Payment of revolver under New First Lien Facility	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)			
Proceeds from Convertible Bond Debt, net of debt discount	112,482,586	(5,000,000)			
Proceeds from New Ultraco Debt Facility	187,760,000	<u></u>			
Proceeds from Original Ultraco Debt Facility		21,400,000			
Proceeds from Share Lending Agreement	35,829	=1,100,000			
Repayment of New First Lien Facility - term loan	(60,000,000)	_			
Repayment of Norwegian Bond Debt	(8,000,000)	(4,000,000)			
Repayment of Original Ultraco Debt Facility	(82,600,000)	(-,000,000)			
Repayment of term loan under New Ultraco Debt Facility	(15,146,013)				
Financing costs paid to lenders	(3,533,770)	_			
Other financing costs	(1,655,353)	(2,465,037)			
Cash received from exercise of stock options	(1,000,000)	4,865			
		.,505			

Cash used to settle net share equity awards	(1,443,753)	(2,559,104)
Net cash provided by financing activities	 127,899,526	 7,380,724
Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	 (19,033,353)	 21,837,677
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	78,163,638	56,325,961
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 59,130,285	\$ 78,163,638
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Accruals for Scrubbers, ballast water systems and drydock included in Accounts payable and Other accrued liabilities	\$ 16,380,168	\$ 5,801,867
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 23,208,093	\$ 23,884,565

Supplemental Information - Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This release includes various financial measures that are non-GAAP financial measures as defined under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). We believe these measures provide important supplemental information to investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results. We use these measures, together with GAAP measures, for internal managerial purposes and as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons. However, we do not, and you should not, rely on non-GAAP financial measures alone as measures of our performance. We believe that non-GAAP financial measures reflect an additional way of viewing aspects of our operations that when taken together with GAAP results and the reconciliations to corresponding GAAP financial measures that we also provide in our press releases provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business. We strongly encourage you to review all of our financial statements and publicly-filed reports in their entirety and to not rely on any single financial measure.

Because non-GAAP financial measures are not standardized, it may not be possible to compare these financial measures with other companies' non-GAAP financial measures, even if they have similar names.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

We define EBITDA as net (loss)/income under GAAP adjusted for interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that is used as a supplemental financial measure by our management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors, commercial banks and others, to assess our operating performance as compared to that of other companies in our industry, without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical costs basis. Our Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to net (loss)/income, operating income/(loss), cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of another company because all companies may not calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA adjusted to exclude the items which represent certain non-cash, one-time and other items such as vessel impairment, gain /(loss) on sale of vessels, restructuring expenses, loss on debt extinguishment and stock-based compensation expenses that the Company believes are not indicative of the ongoing performance of its core operations. The following table presents a reconciliation of our net income/(loss) to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA.

	Three Months Ended					For the Y	ears Ended			
	De	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		/		December 31, 2019]	December 31, 2018
Net (loss)/income	\$ ((11,171,453)	\$	6,486,350	\$	(21,697,115)	\$	12,574,684		
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income to EBITDA:										
Interest expense		8,965,038		6,520,625		30,577,489		25,743,531		
Interest Income		(399,624)		(247,920)		(1,867,326)		(585,168)		
Income taxes		_				_		_		
EBIT		(2,606,039)		12,759,055		7,013,048		37,733,047		
Depreciation and amortization		11,321,536		9,708,395		40,545,904		37,717,462		
EBITDA		8,715,497		22,467,450		47,558,952		75,450,509		
Non-cash, one-time and other adjustments to EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ :		1,064,334		1,022,047		1,116,210		8,190,420		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	9,779,831	\$	23,489,497	\$	48,675,162	\$	83,640,929		

One-time and other adjustments to EBITDA includes; loss on debt extinguishment, vessel impairment, stock-based compensation, (gain)/loss on sale of vessels and amortization of fair value below contract value of time charter acquired.

TCE revenue and TCE

Time charter equivalent ("TCE") is a non-GAAP financial measure that is commonly used in the shipping industry primarily to compare daily earnings generated by vessels on time charters with daily earnings generated by vessels on voyage charters, because charter hire rates for vessels on voyage charters are generally not expressed in per-day amounts while charter hire rates for vessels on time charters generally are expressed in such amounts. The Company defines TCE as shipping revenues less voyage expenses and charter hire expenses, adjusted for the impact of one legacy time charter and realized gains/(losses) on FFAs and bunker swaps, divided by the number of owned available days. TCE provides additional meaningful information in conjunction with shipping revenues, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, because it assists Company management in making decisions regarding the deployment and use of its vessels and in evaluating their financial performance. The Company's calculation of TCE may not be comparable to that reported by other companies. The Company calculates relative performance by comparing TCE against the Baltic Supramax Index ("BSI") adjusted for commissions and fleet makeup. Owned available days is the number of our ownership days less the aggregate number of days that our vessels are off-hire due to vessel familiarization upon acquisition, repairs, vessel upgrades or special surveys. The shipping industry uses available days to measure the number of days in a period during which vessels should be capable of generating revenues.

The following table presents the reconciliation of revenues, net to TCE:

	Three Months Ended					For the Years Ended			
	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		
Revenues, net	\$	71,486,350	\$	86,692,209	\$	292,377,638	\$	310,094,258	
Less:									
Voyage expenses		(21,441,817)		(24,720,609)		(87,701,407)		(79,566,452)	
Charter hire expenses		(8,151,640)		(10,209,535)		(42,168,642)		(38,045,778)	
Reversal of one legacy time charter		(269,504)		(225,746)		(36,527)		(410,116)	
Realized gain/(loss) on FFAs and bunker swaps		294,056		(210,573)		(126,231)		535,234	
TCE revenue	\$	41,917,445	\$	51,325,746	\$	162,344,831	\$	192,607,146	
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Owned available days		3,712		4,227		15,631		16,790	
TCE	\$	11,292	\$	12,142	\$	10,386	\$	11,472	

Glossary of Terms:

Ownership days: We define ownership days as the aggregate number of days in a period during which each vessel in our fleet has been owned by us. Ownership days are an indicator of the size of our fleet over a period and affect both the amount of revenues and the amount of expenses that we record during a period.

Chartered-in under operating lease days: We define chartered-in under operating lease days as the aggregate number of days in a period during which we charter-in vessels. Periodically, the Company charters in vessels on a single trip basis.

Available days: We define available days, which the Company has recently updated and reflected in the table above in this press release to better reflect the way management views the business, as the number of our ownership days and chartered-in days less the aggregate number of days that our vessels are off-hire due to vessel familiarization upon acquisition, repairs, vessel upgrades or special surveys. The shipping industry uses available days to measure the number of days in a period during which vessels should be capable of generating revenues.

Operating days: We define operating days as the number of available days in a period less the aggregate number of days that our vessels are off-hire due to any reason, including unforeseen circumstances. The shipping industry uses operating days to measure the aggregate number of days in a period during which vessels actually generate revenues.

Fleet utilization: We calculate fleet utilization by dividing the number of our operating days during a period by the number of our available days during the period. The shipping industry uses fleet utilization to measure a company's efficiency in finding suitable employment for its vessels and minimizing the amount of days that its vessels are off-hire for reasons other than

scheduled repairs or repairs under guarantee, vessel upgrades, special surveys or vessel positioning. Our fleet continues to perform at high utilization rates.

Definitions of capitalized terms related to our Indebtedness

Norwegian Bond Debt: Norwegian Bond Debt refers to the Senior Secured Bonds issued by Eagle Bulk Shipco LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Shipco"), as borrower, certain wholly-owned vessel-owning subsidiaries of Shipco, as guarantors ("Shipco Vessels"), on November 28, 2017 for \$200.0 million, pursuant to those certain Bond Terms, dated as of November 22, 2017, by and between Shipco, as issuer, and Nordic Trustee AS, a company existing under the laws of Norway (the "Bond Trustee"). The bonds, currently at \$188.0 million, are secured by 24 vessels.

New Ultraco Debt Facility: New Ultraco Debt Facility refers to senior secured credit facility for \$208.4 million entered into by Ultraco Shipping LLC ("Ultraco"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the borrower (the "New Ultraco Debt Facility"), with the Company and certain of its indirectly vessel-owning subsidiaries, as guarantors (the "Guarantors"), the lenders party thereto, the swap banks party thereto, ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC ("ABN AMRO"), Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (PUBL) and DNB Markets Inc., as mandated lead arrangers and bookrunners, and ABNAMRO, as arranger, security trustee and facility agent. The New Ultraco Debt Facility provides for an aggregate principal amount of \$208.4 million, which consists of (i) a term loan facility of \$153.4 million and (ii) a revolving credit facility of \$55.0 million. As of December 31, 2019, the \$55.0 million revolving credit facility remains undrawn. The New Ultraco Debt Facility is secured by 24 vessels.

New First Lien Facility: New First Lien Facility refers to the credit facility for \$65.0 million (term loan and revolver) entered into by and among Eagle Shipping LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Eagle Shipping"), as borrower, certain wholly-owned vessel-owning subsidiaries of Eagle Shipping, as guarantors, the lenders thereunder, the swap banks party thereto, ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC, as facility agent and security trustee for the Lenders, ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC, Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank and Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), as mandated lead arrangers, and ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC, as arranger and bookrunner on December 8, 2017. The outstanding debt under the New First Lien Facility was repaid in full in the first quarter of 2019 with proceeds from the New Ultraco Debt Facility.

Original Ultraco Debt Facility: Original Ultraco Debt Facility refers to the credit facility for \$82.6 million entered into by and among Eagle Bulk Ultraco LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Ultraco"), as borrower, certain wholly-owned vessel-owning subsidiaries of Ultraco, as guarantors, the lenders thereunder, the swap banks party thereto, ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC ("ABN AMRO"), as facility agent and security trustee for the Ultraco Lenders, ABN AMRO, DVB Bank SE and Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), as mandated lead arrangers, and ABN AMRO, as arranger and bookrunner on June 28, 2017. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition of nine Ultramax vessels during 2017 and two Ultramax vessels during 2018. The Original Ultraco Debt Facility was repaid in full in the first quarter of 2019 with proceeds from the New Ultraco Debt Facility.

Convertible Bond Debt: Convertible Bond Debt refers to net proceeds of approximately \$112.5 million that the Company received on July 29, 2019 from its issuance of 5.0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. The Company utilized the net proceeds to partially finance the purchase of six Ultramax vessels which were delivered to the Company in the third and fourth quarters of 2019.

Super Senior Facility: Super Senior Facility refers to the credit facility for \$15.0 million, by and among Shipco as borrower, and ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC, as original lender, mandated lead arranger and agent. The proceeds of the Super Senior Facility which is currently undrawn, are expected, pursuant to the terms of the Super Senior Facility, to be used (i)to acquire additional vessels or vessel owners and (ii) for general corporate and working capital purposes of Shipco and its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2019, the \$15.0 million revolving credit facility remains undrawn

Conference Call Information

As previously announced, members of Eagle Bulk's senior management team will host a teleconference and webcast at 8:00 a.m. ET on Thursday, March 5, 2020, to discuss the fourth quarter results.

To participate in the teleconference, investors and analysts are invited to call 1 844-282-4411 in the U.S., or 1 512-900-2336 outside of the U.S., and reference participant code 8194601. A simultaneous webcast of the call, including a slide presentation for interested investors and others, may be accessed by visiting http://www.eagleships.com.

A replay will be available following the call from 11:00 AM ET on March 5, 2020 until 11:00 AM ET on March 12, 2020. To access the replay, call 1 855-859-2056 in the U.S., or 1 404-537-3406 outside of the U.S., and reference passcode 8194601.

About Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc.

Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. ("Eagle" or the "Company") is a U.S.based fully integrated shipowner-operator providing global transportation solutions to a diverse group of customers including miners, producers, traders, and end users. Headquartered in Stamford, Connecticut, with offices in Singapore and Copenhagen, Eagle focuses exclusively on the versatile mid-size drybulk vessel segment and owns one of the largest fleets of Supramax/Ultramax vessels in the world. The Company performs all management services in-house (including: strategic, commercial, operational, technical, and administrative) and employs an active management approach to fleet trading with the objective of optimizing revenue performance and maximizing earnings on a risk-managed basis. For further information, please visit our website: www.eagleships.com.

Website Information

We intend to use our website, www.eagleships.com, as a means of disclosing material non-public information and for complying with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD. Such disclosures will be included in our website's Investor Relations section. Accordingly, investors should monitor the Investor Relations portion of our website, in addition to following our press releases, filings with the SEC, public conference calls, and webcasts. To subscribe to our e-mail alert service, please click the "Investor Alerts" link in the Investor Relations section of our website and submit your email address. The information contained in, or that may be accessed through, our website is not incorporated by reference into or a part of this document or any other report or document we file with or furnish to the SEC, and any references to our website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

Disclaimer: Forward-Looking Statements

Matters discussed in this release may constitute forward-looking statements that may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements reflect current views with respect to future events and financial performance and may include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions and other statements, which are other than statements of historical facts. These statements may include words such as "believe," "estimate," "project," "intend," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," and similar expressions in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements in this release are based upon various assumptions, many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions, including without limitation, examination of historical operating trends, data contained in our records and other data available from third parties. Although Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. believes that these assumptions were reasonable when made, because these assumptions are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult or impossible to predict and are beyond our control, Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. cannot assure you that it will achieve or accomplish these expectations, beliefs or projections.

Important factors that, in our view, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include the strength of world economies and currencies, general market conditions, including changes in charter hire rates and vessel values, changes in demand that may affect attitudes of time charterers to scheduled and unscheduled drydocking, changes in vessel operating expenses, including drydocking and insurance costs, or actions taken by regulatory authorities, ability of our counterparties to perform their obligations under sales agreements, charter contracts, and other agreements on a timely basis, potential liability from future litigation, domestic and international political conditions, potential disruption of shipping routes due to accidents and political events or acts by terrorists.

Risks and uncertainties are further described in reports filed by Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc. with the SEC.

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